Num. 4097

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Tuesday, January 13, 1747.

From Wye's Letter, London, Jan. 8.

THis Day 1,291,000 Ounces of Silver Coin were shipt for the East Indies, on account of the India Company.

'Tis strongly reported that the Garrison of Savona was reduced, and great Numbers put to the Sword; but none of the Mails are as yet arrived from Holland.

All Converſation turns on the preſent Poſture of Affairs. Some give out that the Congreſs of Breda is ſhut up; and that the enſuing Campaign will be the moſt deſperate and bloody that ever was known.

From the London Evening Poſt, Jan. 8.

Extract of a Letter from Berlin, Jan. 23.

It is very much whiſpered about here, that the Army will ſpeedily march, and it is aſſured that private Orders have been given for that Purpoſe; but no Body, excepting his P——ſſ——n Majeſty, or perhaps the Court of France, knows to what End it is putting in Motion. His Britannick Majeſty's late Renewal of the Guaranty of Sileſia makes this Step, ſhould it be actually taken, appear the more myſterious. Notwithſtanding which Renewal, there ſeems yet to be too ſtrong a Propenſity in this C——t towards that of France, and it ſhews itſelf in more Circumſtances than one. It is aſſured, that upon Application being made to, and great Pains taken with, a certain German Court, in order to intimately unite it with that of Vienna, his P——ſſ——n Majeſty at the ſame time gave that Court to underſtand, that when ever it entred into ſuch Union, it would do well to enter into one with France likewiſe. This Pr——ce, it is poſitively ſaid, has given very ſtrong Aſſurances, that let what will happen, the Intereſt of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty ſhall not ſuffer, and that he might reſt ſatisfied, that ſuch Meaſures would be purſued, as would leave him nothing to wiſh for. But perhaps all this was ſaid before the Guaranty was made of Sileſia, and then it may poſſibly ſtand for little.

LONDON, *Jan.* 8.

Laſt Tueſday (being Twelfth-Day) his Majeſty and the Royal Family were at the Chapel Royal, and his Majeſty, according to annual Cuſtom, offered Gold, Myrrh, and Frankincenſe, in Imitation of the Eaſtern Magi, or Wiſe Men, offering the ſame to our Saviour twelve Days after his Birth.

Orders are ſent to his Majeſty's Yards to fit for Sea, with all poſſible Expedition, ſuch Men of War as are now on the Stocks, or are repairing.

We hear that their High Mightineſſes the States General have given Orders to have 15 Men of War fitted for the Sea, and to be at Spithead by the latter End of March.

It is thought that ſoon after the Meeting of the two Houſes, the Affair of the late famous Court-Martial will be again brought upon the Carpet, and the Publick be inſtructed by the higheſt Authority, what to think of the Miſcarriage in the Mediterranean, and on whom to lay the Blame of the fatal Conſequences that followed it, ſo much to the Diſcredit of the Nation abroad, and which, at a Time when it was ſo neceſſary to be frugal in national Diſburſements, has cauſed ſuch an immenſe Expence in procuring Juſtice at home.

The Affairs of Europe are at preſent in ſuch a tickliſh Situation, that it is heartily wiſhed a Genius equal to that of Lord Burleigh's, or Sir William Temple's, would exert their great Capacities to redeem the European Part of the World from their preſent Diſtreſs. A Cheſterfield in our Senate, and now at the Head of our Adminiſtration, joined to ſome diſintereſted Patriots in the other Houſe, gives a rational Hope that this great and happy End will ſoon be effected.

It is ſaid that a new general Alliance is upon the Carpet, that the principal Articles of it are already ſettled, and that as ſoon as it ſhall appear that nothing farther is to be expected from the Conferences at Breda, a Congreſs will be held at the Hague by the Miniſters of the Maritim Powers, their Imperial and Sardinian Majeſties, and ſeveral Princes of Germany, in order to put the laſt Hand to that important Affair, and thereby make an effectual Proviſion for the future Security of the Liberties of Europe.

The Count de Cecile, General and Commander in Chief of the Genoeſe Auxiliaries during the War in Italy, and who was ſaid to be gone to Spain in ſome Degree of Diſpleaſure with the Republick, appears to be now no farther off than Marſeilles, and publickly produces his Letters of Demiſſion, by which it appears, that there was no kind of Difference between him and the Government, from whence it may be inferred, that poſſibly he expects to be recalled thither again, and re-inveſted with his former Authority.

The ſix Packet-Boats employed in carrying the Mails to and from Holland, were all at Harwich on Tueſday laſt; but as the Wind has ſince been favourable, it is conjectured they have ſailed. There were four Mails bound to Holland then on this Side.

From the General Evening Poſt, Jan. 8.

Mr. Keen the Britiſh Miniſter at Liſbon, makes a great Figure there, and has frequent Aſſemblies of the chief Portugueſe Nobility; but nothing is yet known there concerning the State of Things at Madrid, only that the Couriers do not paſs ſo often as they did ſometime ago between the two Capitals.

Some private Letters mention, that the French Fleet lately returned from their unſucceſsful Expedition againſt Cape Breton, are ordered to be fitted out again early in

the Spring; and the Troops ordered to hold themſelves ready to embark.

The ſeveral Caſtles and Fortreſſes in Scotland are ordered to be ſtrengthned and repaired with the utmoſt Expedition.

The HISTORY of EUROPE,
From the WESTMINSTER JOURNAL.

Hague Jan. 6. Meſſ. Waſſenaer and Puyſieux are returned to Breda, where the Conferences are going in earneſt to be opened. The Earl of Sandwich will, 'tis ſaid, treat for three Powers, viz. the King his Maſter, the Empreſs Queen, and the King of Sardinia, to which it's aſſured his Britannick Majeſty has obtained the Conſent of the Courts of Vienna and Turin.

The Petition of the Council of State is ſaid by thoſe who have ſeen it, to be an excellent Piece, wherein the new Treaſurer has given Proofs of his Capacity. The Augmentat on which will be made in the Troops of the Republick will conſiſt in the Addition of a Battalion to every Regiment of Foot, and of two Squadrons to each Regiment of Horſe.

The Invaſion of Provence is carried on with pretty good Succeſs, in ſpight of what has happened at Genoa. Count Brown will leave Toulon upon the Left, with a View of advancing between the Durance and the Rhone, in order to cut off all Succours which the Duke de Belleiſle is expecting from Franche Comte, Alſace and Burgundy.

LONDON, *Jan.* 8

We hear the brave and worthy Admiral Warren will ſoon have the Command of a conſiderable Fleet of Ships, in order to execute ſome grand Enterprize.

The French King, in order to add to the Ceremony of receiving the new Dauphineſs, has ordered a Bridge of Boats to be laid over the Seine, near Choiſi, for her Paſſage.

From the St. James's Evening Poſt, Jan. 8.

LONDON, *Jan.* 8.

There will be a Bill brought into Parliament, immediately after their Meeting next Week, to prevent the killing of Calves, in order to ſupply the Deficiency occaſioned by the unhappy Diſtemper of Horned Cattle, which has raiſed the Price of Veal, and, other Butchers Meat, very conſiderably in the Market.

To-morrow the Priſoners will be removed from the ſeveral Goals of this City, to Newgate, in order to take their Trials the enſuing Seſſions at the Old Baily, which begins on Friday the 16th inſtant.

We hear that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland will certainly embark for Holland about the latter End of this Month.

His Royal Highneſs's new-raiſed Regiment of Dragoons (compos'd chiefly of Kingſton's Horſe) will embark at the ſame Time.

We hear that ſome Perſons who were on board when his Royal Highneſs came over, will be tried, the Yacht having ſtruck on the Sand near Dunkirk, being Low Water; which had it been High, in all Probability would have gone into that Harbour.

We hear that a Number of Ships will ſoon be taken into his Majeſty's Service for tranſporting the Troops to Flanders.

An ACCOUNT of the INVASION *of* Naples *by the Allies under Count* Thaun; *and of that of* Provence *under the Duke of* Savoy *and Prince* Eugene, *aſſiſted by the* Engliſh *Fleet, under the Command of Sir* CLOUDESLY SHOVEL.

IN the Year 1707 the Queen of Great Britain, the States General, and the Duke of Savoy, form'd the great Project of invading Provence, in order to take or deſtroy Toulon and Marſeilles; which fatal Blow to the Maritime Power of France would have been of infinite Advantage to Great Britain and Holland, by ſecuring and enlarging their Trade; and to the whole Confederacy, by depriving the French of Means to carry on their profitable Commerce to the Weſt-Indies, which alone enabled them to proſecute the War.

But the Court of Vienna, upon Views of private Advantage, laid the Deſign of reducing the Kingdom of Naples; which, as it tended to divide the Confederate Army in Italy, in great meaſure claſh'd with the other, and was therefore ſtrongly oppoſed by Great-Britain and Holland. Their Repreſentation having proved ineffectual, the Court of Vienna inſiſting, that the Forces of the Allies were ſufficient to carry on both thoſe Enterprizes at once; Count Thaun, with a ſmall Body of Impe-rialiſts, marched into the Kingdom of Naples, and being ſeconded by the Affections of the People, whom Cardinal Grimani had before prepared to ſhake off the French Yoke, made an entire Conqueſt of the Country, firſt by the Surrender of the Capital City, then of Capua and Peſcara, and at laſt by ſtorming the important Fortreſs of Gaeta. Theſe were ſtill the Fruits of the glorious Victory of Turin, by which France loſt the vaſt Expences and Labours of ſix Campaigns.

The other Exped tion, tho' as well concerted, and as little either foreſeen or provided againſt by the Enemy, yet met not with equal Succeſs. The Duke of Savoy and Prince Eugene, by their Marches and Counter-marches, as if they intended to bend their victorious Arms either againſt Dauphiny or Savoy, concealed their true Deſign againſt Provence; and then on a ſudden, aſſembling all their Forces, paſſed the Col de Tende, and, by the Aſſiſtance of the Confederate Fleet under the Command of Admiral Shovel, forced the Intrenchments on the Var, and went over that River July 11. They marched towards Toulon, with all that Speed, which the Want of Magazines, the Heats of that Southern Climate, the Nature of the Ground, and other Difficulties, in an Enemy's Country, would allow: But to their Surprize, upon their Arrival at la Valotte, the 25th they found the French had recovered their firſt Miſtake, by their unparallell'd Diligence and Activity; and had not only repair'd the Fortifications of the Place, but poſted 40 Battalions either in the Town, or in the adjacent Hills of difficult Acceſs, and defended beſides by ſtrong Intrenchments.

Upon a View of the Enemy, the Confederate Generals debated, whether they ſhould attack them before they received other Reinforcements; Prince Eugene was for the Affirmative: But all the reſt judging, that the Enemy were already too numerous, and too ſtrongly intrench'd to be aſſaulted, without infinite Hazard, it was thought more adviſeable to drive them from ſome of their advanced Poſts, and erect Batteries there, in order to

their Camp, that cover'd the Town, too hot for . Accordingly, the Hill of St. Catherine was a-- ed, and carried the 30th of July: But the Batteries Allies did not answer their Expectation, and the y took that Poſt the 15th of Auguſt, notwithſtand- the vigorous Reſiſtance of the brave Prince of Saxe- who was killed in that hot Engagement.

this Time, the French having received farther Re- cements of Horſe and Foot, the Confederate Gene- were obliged to content themſelves only with bom- ing Toulon; and in order to do it effectually, they ted Fort St. Margaret, Fort St. Louis, and the Tower, that hindred the Fleet's approaching the bour. Fort St. Margaret ſurrender'd the 15th of Au- it Diſcretion. The ſame Night the Allies began to bard the Place and the Harbour on the Landſide; Fort St. Lewis having been abandoned on the 18th, Bomb-Veſſels advanced as near as poſſible the 21ſt, bombarded the Town and Shipping till the next ght, with ſo good Succeſs, that a vaſt Number of Hou- were conſumed; ſeveral Magazines blown up; and ht Men of War burnt, or made unfit for Service. The ke of Savoy having then cauſed all the Sick and ounded to be ſhipped off, left the Camp at la Valette, Night between the 21ſt and 22d, and retreated in ve- good Order, by the ſame Way he came, without be- inſulted by the Enemy; and being returned into Pied- ont, concluded the Campaign on that Side, with the covery of his important Place of Suza, which the rench had left unprovided; whereby he ſhut up that In- into his Dominions to the French, and open'd himſelf free Entrance, either into Dauphiny or Savoy.

Thus ended the Expedition into Provence, which ſtruck greater Terror throughout all France than had been en known, during the whole long Reign of Lewis XIV. nd which had not failed of Succeſs, had the Duke of Sa- oy been able to reach Toulon before the French Rein- forcements arrived there; or had his Royal Highneſs ad a ſufficient Number of Forces to attack the French Army, immediately upon his Arrival. However, be- ſides the great Damage the French ſuſtained in their Ship- ping; the burning of near one half of the Houſes in Tou- lon, and the Devaſtations committed in Provence; this Enterprize brought this farther Advantage to the Allies, that it gave a great Diverſion to their Enemy's Forces; whereby their Army in Germany was weakened; the Duke of Orleans's Progreſs after the Battle of Almanza, retarded in Spain; the Succouring of Naples prevented; and the Conqueſts of the Allies in Italy ſecured. Where- fore the Confederates would have had no Reaſon to think their Expences in that Expedition ill beſtowed, if Admi- ral Shovel, who had a principal Share in it, and acquitted himſelf ſo gloriouſly of his Truſt, had not periſhed in his Return from thence, with three of his beſt Ships: Which fatal Accident determined the greater Loſs to have been on the Side of Great Britain.

Bank Stock 128 1 half to 1 qr. India Stock no Price. South Sea Stock no Price.

EDINBURGH, *January* 13.

From Inverneſs, That Hugh Cameron of Annock, (formerly mentioned to have been taken by Surpriſe, at his own Houſe, by a Party from Fort William, and to have been carried Priſoner to that Place) was about ten Days ago tranſported from thence to Inverneſs, under a proper Guard of Lord Loudon's Regiment, ſtrongly fet- tered, and tied with Ropes to two Soldiers, to prevent his Eſcape.

From Aberdeen, That the Regulars ſtationed at Strath- bogie ſtill continue ſucceſsful in apprehending and bring- ing in Priſoners to that Place and Banff the Rebels lurk- ing in that Country.

From Newcaſtle, That the Providence Thompſon, from Montroſe, is ſafely arrived there.

We hear that the Right Honourable the Lord Erskine, Son to the late Earl of Mar, and Nephew to the hon. James Erskine, Member of Parliament for the Burghs of Stirling, Dumfermline, &c. will ſtand Candidate for the Shire of Stirling, in the Room of Lord George Graham deceaſt.

The three former Aſſeſſors to the honourable Magi- ſtrates of this City are continued, and a fourth is added, viz. Mr. James Erskine Advocate, Son of Lord Tin- wald.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mr. *HOPE*'s GRASS PARKS of *RANKILLOR* in *Fife*,

Will be expoſed to publick Roup at the Houſe of Ran- killor, upon Wedneſday the 8th of April next, at 11 o'Clock preciſely, to be poſſeſs'd from the firſt of May next to the firſt November thereafter, for Paſture only, and not Sheep, nor Bulls, nor ſtion'd Horſes to be put in, nor is a Beaſt to enter them after the firſt of February. They are to be ſet up one by one, and Mr. Hope upholds the Hedges and Fences, and keeps an old careful Servant, whoſe ſole Buſineſs is to take care of the Beaſts and In- cloſures.

¶ *PATRICK DRUMMOND*, at his Shop in the Lawn- marke, oppoſite to Libberton's Wynd, Edinburgh, has juſt now brought from the propereſt Places abroad, all Sorts of the beſt and freſheſt GARDEN SEEDS, FLOWER SEEDS, GRASS SEEDS, and ſuch TREE SEEDS as laſt Seaſon produced, particularly a large Quantity of Great Oak-Acorns exceeding good, at 2 s. Sterl. per Peck, and 7 s. 6 d. per Buſhel; and all other Seeds to be ſold by him as cheap as any where elſe in Scotland: And as a Proof of their Freſhneſs, ſeverals of the principal Sorts may be ſeen growing extraordinary well in Pots in his Shop.

He likewiſe ſells all Sorts of Gardening Utenſils, new Hops cheap and good, fineſt eating Oil at 2 s. per Flask, and 2 s. 6 d. per Chopin Bottle; ſundry Sorts of Pot Peas, particularly fine Engliſh ſpleet Peas, all Sorts of plain and gilded Writing Paper, ſealing Wax and Wafers, in Whole- ſale or Retail; likewiſe Collyflower, Savoy and different Kinds of Cabbage Plants, all raiſed from his own Seeds.

Any who want Catalogues of the Seeds, &c. may have them at the above Shop.

By Order of the Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Council of the City of Edinburgh,

That on Monday the 19th current, at 3 o'Clock Afternoon, in the High Council Chamber, or Juſticiary Court-Houſe, the following Branches of the CITY's COMMON-GOOD and CUSTOMS are to be ſett by publick Roup, viz.

The Shore Dues and Merk per Tun.

The Weigh houſe of Leith, Timber-buſh and Town's Yard there.

The Meal and Corn Markets.

The Poultry and Bread Markets.

The Fruit Market.

The Fiſh Market.

The ſhod Carts and Cauſey Mail.

The Articles and Conditions of Roup to be ſeen at the Town-Clerk's Chamber.

N. B. Such Perſons to whom there are due ANNUAL-RENTS, or annual Preſtations, preceeding the Terms of Lammas or Martinmas laſt, by the Good Town, are deſired to call for their Payment at Alexander Chalmers, the Town's Accomptant, at the Exciſe-Office.

To be expoſed to Sale by judicial Roup, before the Right Honourable the Lords of Seſſion, in the Parliament houſe, THIS DAY, the 13th Day of January inſt. between the Hours of 2 and 4 in the Afternoon,

TWO TENEMENTS of Land, lately the Property of Alexander and Thomas Thomſons, lying on the South ſide of the Canongate-head, within the Royalty of Edinburgh, conſiſting of ſundry Stories, Shops, Stables, &c. and to be put up jointly or ſeparately as Purchaſers ſhall offer. The Rental and Conditions of the Roup are to be ſeen in the Hands of John White one of the Depute-clerks of Seſſion, at his Office.

N. B. If none offers for the whole, the Subjects will be put up in the following Parcels at the Prices reſpective annex'd, being the Lords Prices, viz.

Shop and Laigh Houſe of Fore-land,	1188	00 00
Firſt Story of ditto, — — — —	798	00 00
Second Story ditto with a Cellar, —	972	00 00
Third Story ditto with a Cellar, —	972	00 00
Fourth Story ditto with a Cellar, —	714	00 00
Fifth Story and Garret Story together,	546	00 00
The firſt Story up-ſtairs, with the Stables, the Cellars to the South of the Turnpike, and the Garret Hay loft in the Back-land, — — —	1200	00 00
The ſecond and third Story up ſtairs, and the other Garret of ſaid Back-land,	1092	00 00
Total, L. Scots,	7482	00 00

¶¶¶ That a PURSE of Twenty Pounds Sterling is to be run for on Leith Sands on Monday the 19th of January inſtant, the beſt of three Heats, three Miles to each Heat. The winning Horſe to be ſold for 25 l. Sterling. If more Bidders than one, to draw Lots. And any Diſpute may ariſe, to be determined by the Articles anent King's Plate.

Three Horſes to ſtart, or no Race.

The Horſes to be booked three Days before Running Mr. Brown's Stabler in Leith, for Half a Crown, and winning Horſe to pay the Charges of Poſts and Scales.

N.B. Each Horſe to carry 10 Stone Weight.

☙☙ *ARCHIBALD EAGLE* Merchant in Smith's L oppoſite to Black friars Wynd, Edinburgh, and Seedſ to the Honourable Society for improving Agriculture, juſt now imported from the beſt Places abroad, a curi Collection of new and freſh GARDEN and GR SEEDS, (eſpecially a Quantity of good Engliſh Rye G to be ſold cheaper than uſual) with great Variety of Flo Seeds, and ſeveral Kinds of Tree Seeds, particularly Acorns; ſo that all Perſons who have already given Co miſſion for ſuch Seeds may immediately call for them, a all others who want can be furniſhed at as cheap and Prices as any where elſe in Town: Likewiſe may be h every Sort of Garden Utenſils, as alſo fine Durham a Iſle of May Flower of Muſtard, new Kentiſh Hops, a all manner of Falcon Graith, &c.

To be expoſed to publick voluntary Roup, in the Houſe William Duncan Vintner in Perth, upon Thurſday t 29th of January inſtant, betwixt the Hours of 3 and Afternoon,

The Lands of WINTHANK, lying near the Town o Perth, belonging to Patrick Davidſon of Woodmiln, hold ing Feu of the Hoſpital of Perth, and paying of yearly Rent 40 Bolls of Bear, and 41. 16 s. Scots of Money, out of which is to be deduced 4 l. of Feu duty and 2 l. of Ground-annual payable yearly to the ſaid Hoſpital. The Rental Progreſs of Writs and Articles of Roup are to be ſeen in the Hands of John Richardſon Sheriff clerk of Perth.

By ADJOURNMENT.

To be expoſed to Sale by publick Roup, upon the Ground, by Parcels, on Tueſday the 20th Day of January inſt. and to continue till all be ſold off,

The GROWING TIMBER on the Lordſhip of Lyon, in the Carſe of Gowrie, lying within a ſhort Mile of the River Tay, two Miles of the Harbour of Powgavie, and four Miles of the Port of Dundee; conſiſting of Aſh, Aller, Abel, Birch, Cheſnut, Elm, Fir, Green tree, Oak, Oſier, Plane and Walnut, all very good of their Kinds, and full ripe.

The Articles of Roup are to be ſeen in the Hands of Mr. John Leſly Factor at Glammis, Paul Farquharſon Vintner in Dundee, James Stewart at Long-Forgan near Caſtle Lyon, Charles Leſly Writer in Edinburgh, and John Loch at the Laigh Coffee-houſe there, any time before the Sale.

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